# SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR,



# Accredited By NAAC 2009

Revised Syllabus For Bachelor of Science (part III) Physics,

(Subject to modifications to be made time to time)

Syllabus to be implemented from June 2012

#### SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

# B. Sc. Part-III (PHYSICS) Revised Syllabus with effect from June 2012 Semester V Physics Paper – IX

(Mathematical & Statistical Physics)

#### **UNIT I**

# **Orthogonal Curvilinear Co-ordinates**:

(15)

Introduction to Cartesian, spherical polar and cylindrical co-ordinate systems, concept of orthogonal curvilinear co-ordinates, gradient, divergence, curl, del and Laplacian in orthogonal curvilinear co-ordinate system, extension of gradient, divergence, curl, del and Laplacian in spherical polar and cylindrical co-ordinate systems.

#### **UNIT II**

# 1. Black Body Radiation:

(06)

Experimental study of black body radiation spectrum, expression for energy density, radiation pressure, relation for radiation pressure due to diffuse radiation in terms of energy density

#### UNIT III

# 1. Basic concepts in Statistical Physics:

(08)

Micro and macro states, micro canonical and canonical ensembles, phase space, accessible micro states, a priori probability, thermodynamic probability, probability distribution, entropy and probability.

### 2. Maxwell-Boltzman Statistics:

(05)

M-B distribution law, evaluation of constants  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  molecular speeds, law of equipartition of energy.

#### **UNIT IV**

#### **Quantum Statistics**

(11)

Bose-Einstein statistics, BE distribution law, derivation of Planck's radiation formula, deductions of Rayleigh-Jean's law, Wien's law, Wien's displacement law and Stefan's law from Planck's formula. Fermi-Dirac statistics, FD distribution law, comparison of three statistics.

- 1. Theory and problems of vector analysis Schaum outline series- Murray R. Spiegel
- 2. Introduction to Classical Mechanics R. G. Takawale and P. S. Puranik.
- 3. Mathematical methods for Physics Gorge Arfken.
- 4. Perspectives of Modern Physics A. Beiser.
- 5. Thermodynamics & Statistical physics Sharma, Sarkar.
- 6. Statistical Mechanics B. B. Laud.
- 7. Statistical & Thermal Physics S. Loknathan.
- 8. Statistical Mechanics Satva Prakash, J. P. Agarwal
- 9. Elementary statistical mechanics Kumar, Gupta.
- 10. An approach to Statistical Physics- Debi Prasad Ray.

# Semester V Physics Paper - X Solid State Physics and Solid State Devices

#### **UNIT I**

Crystal Structure: (10)

Difference between crystalline and non crystalline solids, space lattice, basis and crystal structure, unit cell, symmetry elements of a cube, seven crystal systems, Bravais lattices, Miller indices, relation between lattice constant, Miller indices and interplaner spacing, simple crystal structures - cubic (simple, BCC, FCC) and HCP (with respect to coordination number, atomic radius, atoms per unit cell, packing fraction).

#### **UNIT II**

# **X** – Ray Diffraction by Crystals:

(10)

Reciprocal lattice, Properties of reciprocal lattice (Reciprocal of the reciprocal lattice is direct lattice and volume of the unit cell of reciprocal lattice is inversely proportional to the volume unit cell of the direct lattice) Bragg's law in reciprocal lattice, powder method of X- ray diffraction in reciprocal lattice.

#### **UNIT III**

# 1. Free Electron Theory:

(5)

Free electron model, Fermi-Dirac distribution, energy levels and energy density of orbital in one dimension.

# 2. Band Theory of Solids:

(7

Origin of energy bands, one electron approximation, Bloch theorem (statement only), motion of electron in one dimensional periodic potential (Kronig-Penny model), effective mass of an electron, distinction between metals, semiconductors and insulators, Hall Effect (Expression for Hall voltage and Hall Coefficient)

#### **UNIT IV**

#### 1. Field Effect Transistor:

(07)

Types of FET, construction, working and characteristics of JFET, application of FET as VVR.

# 2. Unijunction Transistor:

(06

Construction, working and characteristics of UJT, concept of negative resistance of UJT, application of UJT as voltage sweep generator.

- 1. Solid state Physics S. O. Pillai (Wiley Eastern Ltd.).
- 2. Solid State Physics A. J. Dekker.
- 3. Solid state Physics C. M. Kachhava (TMH).
- 4. Solid state Physics Charles Kittel.
- 5. Solid state Physics R. L. Singhal.
- 6. Electronic devices and circuits Millman and Halkias (TMH).
- 7. Principles of Electronics (7th edition) V. K. Mehta (S. Chand).

# Semester V Physics Paper – XI Classical Mechanics

#### **UNIT I**

#### **Introduction to Mechanics**:

(11)

Mechanics of particles, conservation theorems for linear momentum, angular momentum and energy.

#### **UNIT II**

#### **Moving Co-ordinate System:**

(07)

Moving origin of co-ordinates, pseudo force, rotating co-ordinate system, Coriolis force, effect of Coriolis force in nature (Flight of missiles and formation of cyclones).

#### **UNIT III**

#### **Langrangian Formulation**:

(13)

Constraints, degrees of freedom, generalized co-ordinates, principle of virtual work, D'Alembert's principle, Lagrange's equation from D'Alembert's principle. Applications of Langrange's equation to ( i ) A particle in space ( Cartesian coordinates) ( ii ) Atwood's machine.

#### **UNIT IV**

# 1. Techniques of Calculus of variation:

(07)

Hamilton's principle, deduction of Hamilton's principle from D'Alembert's principle, deduction of Langrange's equation from Hamilton's principle. Applications – ( i ) Shortest distance between two points in a plane. ( ii ) Brachistochrone problem.

# 2. Coupled Oscillations:

(07)

Frequencies of coupled oscillatory systems, normal modes and normal co-ordinates, energy of coupled oscillations, energy transfer in coupled oscillatory system.

- 1. Classical Mechanics H. Goldstein.
- 2. Classical Mechanics N. C. Rana and P. S. Joag
- 3. Classical Mechanics Gupta, Kumar and Sharma.
- 4. Classical Mechanics P. V. Panat.
- 5. Introduction to Classical Mechanics R. G. Takwale and P. S. Puranik.

# Semester V Physics Paper – XII Atomic Physics, Astronomy and Astrophysics

#### UNIT I

# 1. Atomic Structure: (06)

Pauli's exclusion principle, shells and sub shells of electrons, Explanation of periodic table.

#### 2. Doublet Fine Structure:

(07)

Optical spectral series, spectral notations, spectrum of sodium, doublet fine structure, selection rule for doublets, intensity rules for fine structure doublets, normal order of fine structure doublets, electron spin-orbit interaction, calculation of term value of fine structure level.

#### **UNIT II**

# **Effects of Magnetic field on Atomic Spectra:**

(11)

Anomalous Zeeman effect and its explanation from vector atom model of one electron system in a weak magnetic field, Lande's g factor, the Paschen-Back effect, Paschen-Back effect in principal series doublets, selection rules for Paschen-Back effect, difference between Zeeman and Paschen Back effect.

#### **UNIT III**

Raman Effect: (8)

Raman Effect, characteristic properties of Raman lines, difference between Raman spectra and infrared spectra, classical theory of Raman Effect.

#### **UNIT IV**

# 1. Cosmology: (4)

The Big-Bang cosmology, the steady state cosmology, the oscillating cosmology, The Hubble law and cosmological test, other evidence of Big Bang cosmology.

# 2. Milky Way Galaxy and Solar System:

(9)

The Milky Way galaxy, origin of solar system, condensation theory, arguments for and against the theory, early history of planets, planetary properties of Mars, evidence of geological activities, prospects for life on Mars, surface of the Sun, Sunspots, the Sunspot cycle.

- 1. Atomic and Nuclear Physics H. Semat and T. E. Albright.
- 2. Introduction to Atomic Spectra H. E. White.
- 3. Concept of Modern Physics Arthur Beiser.
- 4. Perspective of Modern Physics Arthur Beiser. .
- 5. Spectroscopy ( Atomic and Molecular ) Gurdeep Chatwal, Sham Anand.
- 6. Astronomy Fundamentals and Frontiers Robert jastrow and M. H. Thompson
- 7. Astronomy Frank Bash.

# Semester VI Physics Paper – XIII Nuclear and Particle Physics

#### **UNIT I**

1. Accelerator: (7)

Need of accelerators, orbital accelerators, Cyclotron, expression for energy of cyclotron and its limitations, phase stable orbits, Syncrocyclotron, Betatron.

2. Nuclear detectors: (6)

Geiger- Muller counter, its construction and working, dead time, self quenching mechanism, bubble chamber, scintillation counter.

#### **UNIT II**

# Structure of nucleus and its properties

(10)

Composition of nucleus, nuclear size, nuclear radius, nuclear spin, magnetic moment, electric quadrupole moment, mass defect, packing fraction, binding energy, binding energy per nucleon and its variation with mass number, nucleus as a liquid drop, liquid drop model of nucleus to obtain semi-empirical mass formula.

#### UNIT III

Nuclear Reactions: (6)

General scheme of nuclear reactions, Q value of reaction, exothermic and endothermic nuclear reactions, threshold energy, cross section of nuclear reactions (qualitative), deuteron induced reactions, stripping reaction

#### **UNIT IV**

#### 1. Nuclear Energy Levels:

(10)

Alpha decay:  $-\alpha$  particle spectra,  $\alpha$ -disintegration energy, nuclear energy levels of  $\alpha$ -emitters. Beta decay: - experimental study of  $\beta$  ray spectra, continuous nature of spectrum, end point energy, conservation theorems, neutrino hypothesis.

Gamma decay: – origin of  $\gamma$  rays (nuclear and internal conversion ), orbital electron capture., nuclear energy levels.

# 2. Elementary Particles:

(06)

Origin of Cosmic rays, soft and hard components of cosmic rays, elementary particles and their classification into leptons, mesons and baryons

- 1. Nuclear Physics Kaplan.
- 2. Nuclear physics D. C. Tayal.
- 3. Electricity, magnetism and Atomic Physics Yarwood.
- 4. Nuclear Physics S. B. Patel.
- 5. Nuclear Physics J. B. Rajam.
- 6. Nuclear Physics Burcham.
- 7. Basic Concepts of Nuclear Physics Cohen.

# Semester VI Paper - XIV Energy Studies and Material Science

#### UNIT I

1. **Energy**: (05)

Energy, different forms of energy, man and environment, conventional and non conventional energy sources, energy chains, energy demands.

2. Wind Energy: (07)

Applications of wind energy, wind energy quantum, wind power density, power of a wind turbine for a given incoming wind velocity, types of a wind turbine generator unit, horizontal axis propeller type wind turbine generator unit, mono, twin and three blade HAWT.

#### **UNIT II**

Solar Energy: (12)

Solar energy, essential subsystems in solar energy plant, solar energy chains, solar constant, clarity index, solar insolation, solar energy from satellite station through microwave to earth station, solar photovoltaic systems, merits and limitations of solar PV systems, prospectus of solar PV systems, power of a solar cell and solar PV panel.

#### **UNIT III**

1. Magnetism: (06)

Type of magnetic materials, hysteresis, expression for energy loss in hysteresis, idea of ferrites.

# 2. Superconductivity:

(06)

Idea of superconductivity, Critical temperature, effect of magnetic field, Meissner effect, Type – I and Type – II superconductors.

#### **UNIT IV**

# Nanotechnology:

(09)

Introduction of nanoscience and nanotechnology, synthesis of nano materials by 1) Mechanical method 2) Evaporation based methods – sputter deposition and chemical vapor deposition (CVD) 3) Chemical method – growth of nano particles, synthesis of metal and semiconductor nanoparticles by colloidal route method, Applications of nano particles(in brief)

- 1. Energy Technology Non conventional, Renewable and Conventional S. Rao and Dr. Parulekar.
- 2. Solar Energy and Rural Development S. H. Pawar, C. D. Lokhande and R. N. Patil.
- 3. Non Conventional Energy Sources G. D. Rai (Khanna Publishers).
- 4. Solid State Physics A. J. Dekker.
- 5. Solid state Physics Charles Kittel.
- 6. Electricity and Magnetism Khare and Shrivastava.
- 7. Electricity and Magnetism S. G. Sterling.
- 8. Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices- Sulbha K Kulkarni (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Capital Publishing Co. New Delhi

# Semester VI Physics Paper – XV Electrodynamics and Electromagnetic Waves

#### **UNIT I**

# **Electrostatics and Charged Particle Dynamics**:

(10)

Statement of Poisson's and Laplace's equations, motion of charged particles in ( i ) constant electric ( E ) and magnetic ( B ) fields ( ii ) crossed uniform electric ( E ) and magnetic ( B ) fields.

#### **UNIT II**

# **Time Varying Fields**:

(08)

E. M. F., electromagnetic induction – Faraday's law (integral and differential form), Lenz's law, mutual and self inductance, applications to transformer, solenoid.

#### **UNIT III**

# **Maxwell's Equations:**

(13)

Bio-Savart's law, Ampere's law, derivation of  $\nabla$ . B = 0 and  $\nabla$  x B = J, displacement current, Maxwell's correction to Ampere's law, Maxwell's equations for time dependents electric and magnetic fields in vacuum.

#### **UNIT IV**

# **Electromagnetic Waves**:

(14)

Wave equation for ( E ) and ( B ) fields in vacuum, plane wave solutions, orthogonality of E, B and propagation vector ( k ), plane e. m. waves in vacuum, attenuation of wave in metal ( skin depth ), Poyting's theorem, conservation of energy in e. m. fields. Boundary conditions for e. m. field vectors.

- 1. Introduction to Electrodynamics (3rd edition) David J. Griffith.
- 2. Classical Electrodynamics S. P. Puri.
- 3. Classical Electrodynamics J. D. Jackson.
- 4. Electrodynamics B. B. Laud.

# Semester VI Physics Paper - XVI Quantum Mechanics

#### UNIT I

# **Schrodinger's Equation**:

(12)

Physical interpretation of wave function, requirements of wave function Time dependent and time independent Schrodinger's wave equations (one and three dimensional), probability current density, eigen values and eigen functions, expectation values.

#### **UNIT II**

# **Operators in Quantum Mechanics:**

(12)

Definition of operators, Linear momentum operator (p), kinetic energy operator (T), Hamiltonian operator (T), parity operator (T) and angular momentum operator (T) in Cartesian co-ordinates, commutators, commutator brackets involving position, linear momentum and angular momentum operators, raising and lowering operators  $L_{+}$  and  $L_{-}$ , Eigen values of  $L^{2}$  and  $L_{-}$ .

#### **UNIT III**

# **Applications of Schrodinger's Equation:**

(11)

Applications of Schrodinger's time independent wave equation to a particle in a rigid box (one and three dimensional), step potential, reflection and transmission coefficients,

#### **UNIT IV**

# **Hydrogen atom:**

(10)

Schrodinger's equation for hydrogen atom, separation of radial and angular parts, solution of radial Schrodinger's equation to obtain energy values, significance of quantum numbers n, l,  $m_l$  and  $m_s$ .

- 1. Perspective of modern physics Arthur Beiser.
- 2. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics P. T. Mathew.
- 3. Quantum Mechanics J. Powell and B. Crusemann.
- 4. Quantum Mechanics Ghatak and Loknathan.
- 5. Quantum Mechanics S. L. Gupta, K. Kumar, H. V. Sharma.
- 6. A text book of Quantum Mechanics P. M. Mathew, K. Venkateshwaran.
- 7. Quantum Mechanics Bagade and Singh.
- 8. Quantum Mechanics Chand Kiran Singh.
- 9. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics Rojansk.
- 10. Quantum Mechanics Chatwal and Anand.
- 11. Ouantum Mechanics A. P. French.
- 12. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics Dicke-White.
- 13. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics Pauling and Wilson.

# B. Sc. – III Practicals List of Experiments

# **Group I: General Physics, Heat and Sound**

- 1. Resonance Pendulum.
- 2. S. T. of a soap film.
- 3. S. T. by Fergusson's modified method.
- 4. Y and  $\eta$  using flat spiral spring.
- 5. Y by Koenig's method.
- 6. Y by Cornu's method.
- 7. Stefan's fourth power law.
- 8. Thermal conductivity Lee's method.
- 9. Velocity of sound using CRO and microphone.
- 10. Temperature of flame.

# **Group II: Optics**

- 1. Cardinal points by turn table.
- 2. Cardinal points by Newton's method.
- 3. Thickness of thin film.
- 4. Diffraction due to single slit using sodium / laser source.
- 5. Diffraction due to cylindrical obstacle.
- 6. Diffraction at straight edge.
- 7. Lloyd's single mirror.
- 8. Diameter of Lycopodium powder.
- 9. Spherical aberration.
- 10. Absorption spectrum of a liquid (KMnO4 solution).

# **Group III: Electricity and Magnetism**

- 1. Self inductance by Owen's bridge.
- 2. Self inductance by Maxwell's bridge.
- 3. Self inductance by Rayleigh's method.
- 4. Measurement of  $B_{\text{H}}$ ,  $B_{\text{V}}$  and angle of dip using Earth inductor.
- 5. Hysteresis by magnetometer method.
- 6. High resistance by leakage.
- 7. Resistance of B.G. by half deflection method
- 8. Calibration of wire Carey Foster's method.
- 9. e / m by Thomson method.
- 10. Absolute capacity of a condenser (Worsnop and Flint).

# **Group IV: Electronics**

- 1. UJT as voltage sweep generator.
- 2. Astable multivibrator using IC 555.
- 3. OP AMP as inverting amplifier.
- 4. OP AMP as comparator Schmitt trigger/Study of variable D.C. supply using IC-317
- 5. I V characteristics of solar cell.
- 6. Use of Internet(Creating Email Account, sending and receiving Email, browsing Web Pages)
- 7. Crystal oscillator.
- 8. Characteristics of FET.
- 9. FET as VVR.
- 10. Band gap energy / temperature sensor using semiconductor diode/IC-555 as a monostable multivibrator.

# **Group V: Skill Testing Experiments**

- 1. Study of divergence of LASER beam.
- 2. Polar graph using photo cell / photo voltaic cell.
- 3. Measurement of wave length of LASER beam using plane diffraction grating.
- 4. Schuster's method and optical leveling of a spectrometer.
- 5. Obtaining Biprism fringes without lateral shift.
- 6. Measurement of distance between two coherent sources in biprism.
- 7. Comparison of capacities by measuring throws separately.
- 8. Testing of electronic components.
- 9. Hysteresis by CRO.
- 10. Study of Lissajeous figures using CRO.
- 11. P. O. box- Measurement of resistance of galvanometer (Kelvin's method).
- 12. Study of time base circuit.
- 13. Determining of the radius of capillary bore using mercury thread.
- 14. Determining Lattice constant using given XRD powder pattern.
- 15. Estimation of errors for given experimental data and formula.
- 16. Measurement of phase shift of RC network using CRO.
- 17. Computer skill testing I (Programming in C).
- 18. Computer skill testing III (MS Office Word).
- 19. Computer skill testing III (MS Office –Excel).
- 20. Computer skill testing IV (MS Office Power point Presentation).

# Group VI: Assessment of Annual Work of a Student

- 1. Certified Laboratory Journal.
- 2. Study Tour Report.
- **3.** Seminar Report (2 seminars).

#### Revised Scheme of Practical Examination for B. Sc. Part – III

- 1. Practical examination will be conducted annually.
- 2. Practical examination will be conducted for three days per batch.
- 3. The examination will be conducted in two sessions per day and each session will be of three hours duration.
- 4. Every candidate should perform one experiment each from Groups I to IV and **any two** experiments from Group V (total 6 experiments).
- 5. Study tour up to seven days anywhere in India is compulsory.
- 6. At least eighty percent practical should be completed by the student
- 7. The marks distribution for practical is as below.

Practical groups	Marks
Group I	32
Group II	32
Group III	32
Group IV	32
Gr. V	(16+16) 32
Gr.VI	40
I) Certified laboratory journal	20
II) Study Tour Report	10
III) Seminar Report	10

# **Equivalence**

Sr. No.	Pre-revised Syllabus	Revised Syllabus
1	Paper - V	Paper -IX and Paper-XIII
2	Paper – VI	Paper -X and Paper-XIV
3	Paper – VII	Paper -XI and Paper-XV
4	Paper - VIII	Paper -XII and Paper-XVI

COMMON NATURE OF QUESTION FOR THEORY PAPER MENTIONED SPERATELY: